Arkansas State Archives

Arkansas Digital Archives

Finding aids

Guides and finding aids

Arkansas Congressional speeches, 1893-1916

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalheritage.arkansas.gov/finding-aids



Part of the United States History Commons

Recommended Citation

Arkansas Congressional speeches, Arkansas State Archives, Little Rock, Arkansas.

Use and reproduction of images held by the Arkansas State Archives without prior written permission is prohibited. For information on reproducing images held by the Arkansas State Archives, please call 501-682-6900 or email at state.archives@arkansas.gov.

Arkansas Congressional speeches SMC.0172.0003

Finding aid prepared by the Arkansas State Archives

This finding aid was produced using the Archivists' Toolkit $\label{eq:June 15} \text{June 15, 2020}$

Describing Archives: A Content Standard

Arkansas State Archives
One Capitol Mall
Little Rock, Arkansas, 72201
501-682-6900
state.archives@arkansas.gov

Table of Contents

Summary Information	3
Biographical/Historical Note	4
Scope and Contents	4
Administrative Information	4
Collection Inventory	(

Summary Information

.....

Repository Arkansas State Archives

Title Arkansas Congressional speeches

Date [inclusive] 1893-1916

Extent 0.1 Cubic feet 1 folder

Language English

Language of Materials Materials entirely in English.

Preferred Citation

Arkansas Congressional speeches, Arkansas State Archives, Little Rock, Arkansas.

Biographical/Historical Note

James Henderson Berry (1841-1913) served as Governor of Arkansas from 1883-1885. He entered politics in 1866, when he was elected to the Arkansas House of Representatives. He was re-elected in 1872, and again in 1874, when he served as speaker. Berry was chosen to chair the Democratic State Convention in 1876, and two years later, was elected to the bench of the Fourth Judicial Circuit, where he served until 1882. On September 4, 1882, he was elected Governor of Arkansas. Berry was elected by the legislature to fill Senator Augustus Garland's vacancy in the Senate, and held that seat for the next 22 years.

Hugh Anderson Dinsmore was from Benton County, Arkansas and was elected to Congress in 1892, serving for thirteen years. He represented the Fifth Congressional District in Arkansas until a redistricting placed his seat in the Third District.

John N. Tillman was admitted to the Arkansas bar in 1883. He practiced law in Washington County, Arkansas, where he later served as county examiner of the schools and clerk of the circuit court. Tillman elected to represent the Third District of Arkansas in the U.S. House of Representatives from 1915 to 1929 as a Democrat.

Scope and Contents

This collection contains four printed speeches from the Government Printing Office: Hon. J. H. Berry "In Opposition to Establishing a Gold Standard and Retiring Greenbacks," January 31, 1900; Berry, "Bimetallism: Free Coinage of Gold and Silver," August 16, 1893; Hon. John Tillman, "Pensions for Confederate Soldiers," February 11, 1916; and Hon. Hugh A. Dinsmore, "Militarism and Imperialism," January 26, 1899, plus an original mailing envelope.

Administrative Information

Publication Information

Arkansas State Archives 2/15/2017

Conditions Governing Access

This collection is open for research use.

Conditions Governing Use

The copyright law of the United States (Title 17-U.S. Code) governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material. The person using this material is liable for any infringement.

Immediate Source of Acquisition

Transferred from Louisiana State Archives via Sue Pendell, Colorado, 2017.

Collection Inventory

Berry, James: Bimetallism: Free Coinage of Gold and Silver 1893 August 16

Berry, James: In Opposition to Establishing a Gold Standard and Retiring Greenbacks 1900 January 31

Dinsmore, Hugh: Militarism and Imperialism 1899 January 26

Tillman, John: Pensions for Confederate Soldiers 1916 February 11

original mailing envelope